The experince of Milan AreaC

LEZ Workshop December 2014

Mexico City

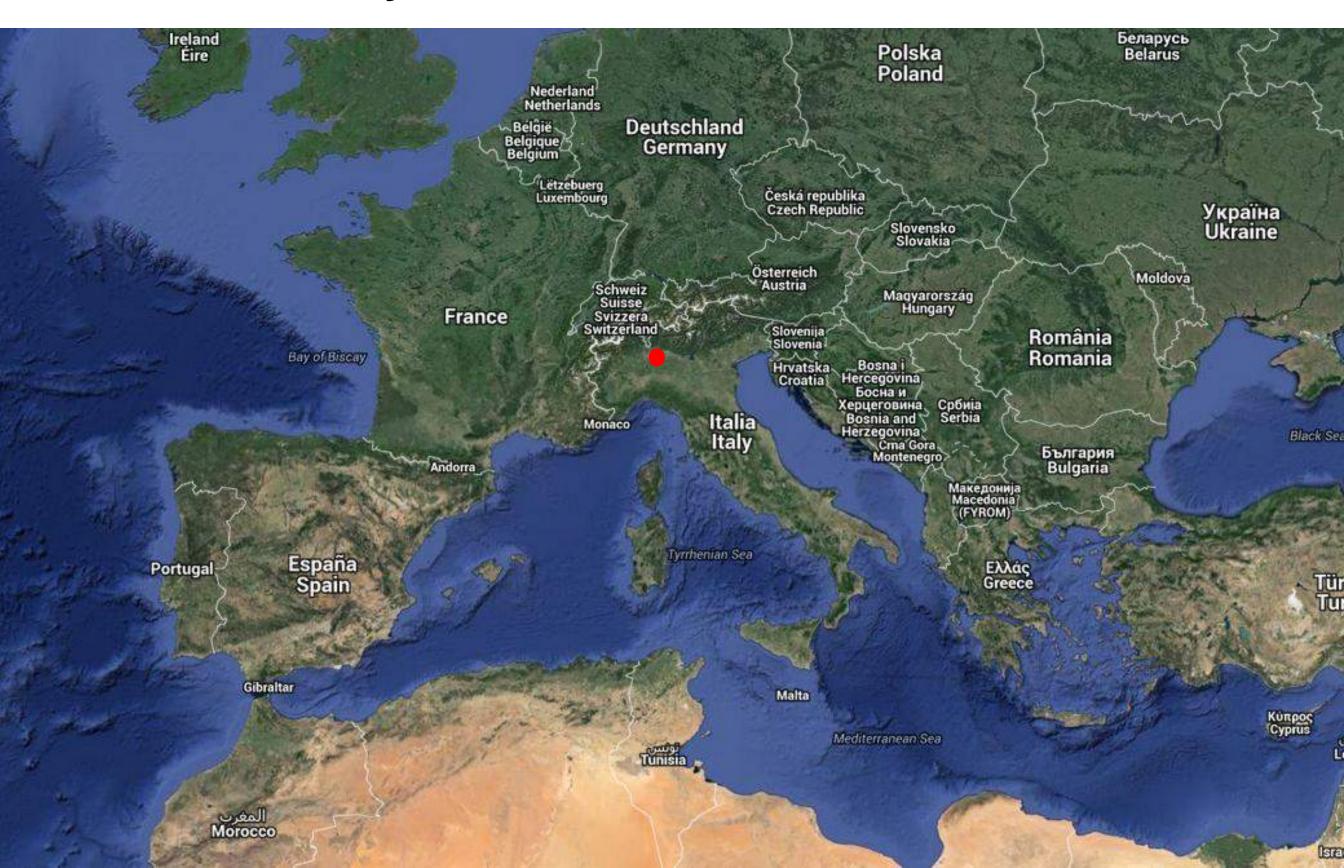
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Milan

Milan – few key indicatos



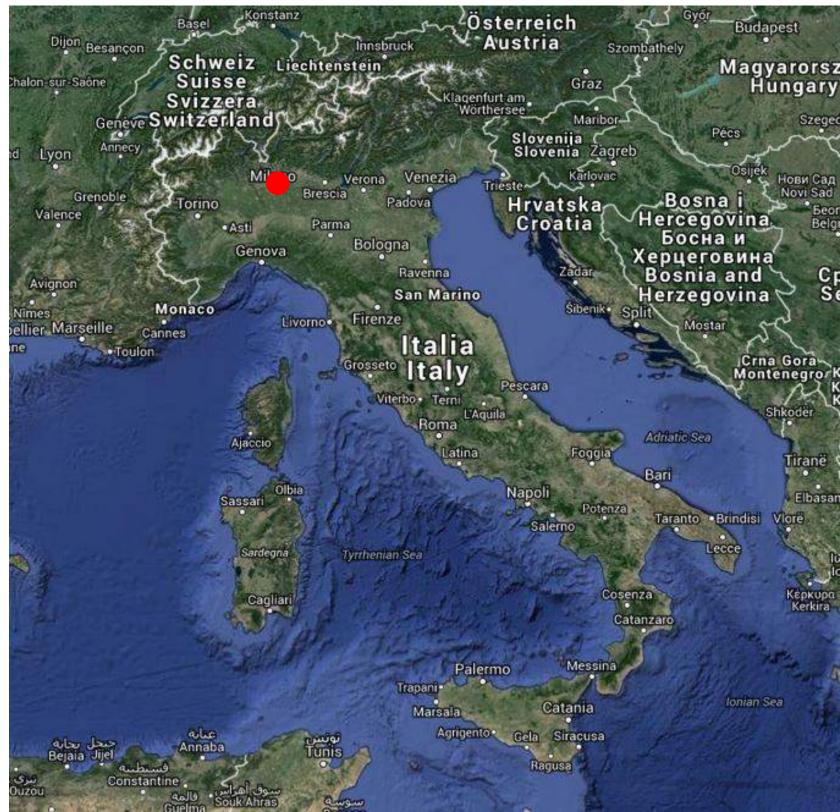
Milan – few key indicatos

Area: 181.76 km²

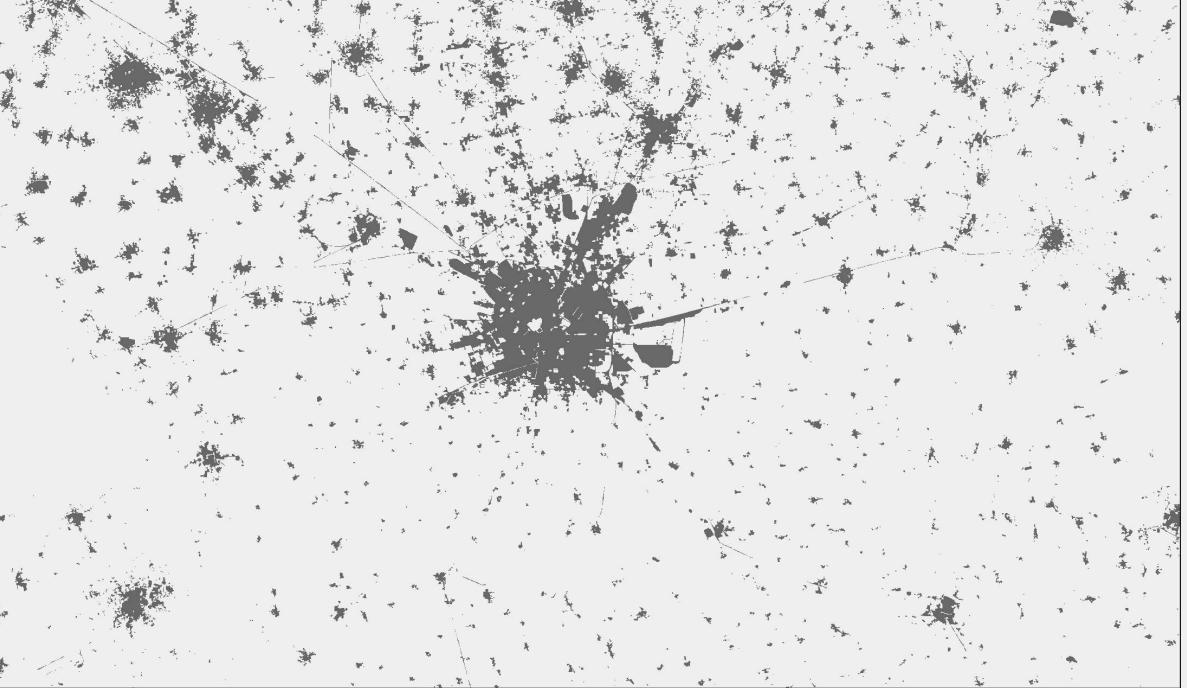
Inhabitants: 1.345.890

Population density: 7.404 people/km²

GDP per capita 37.000 € about 50% higher then the national avarage

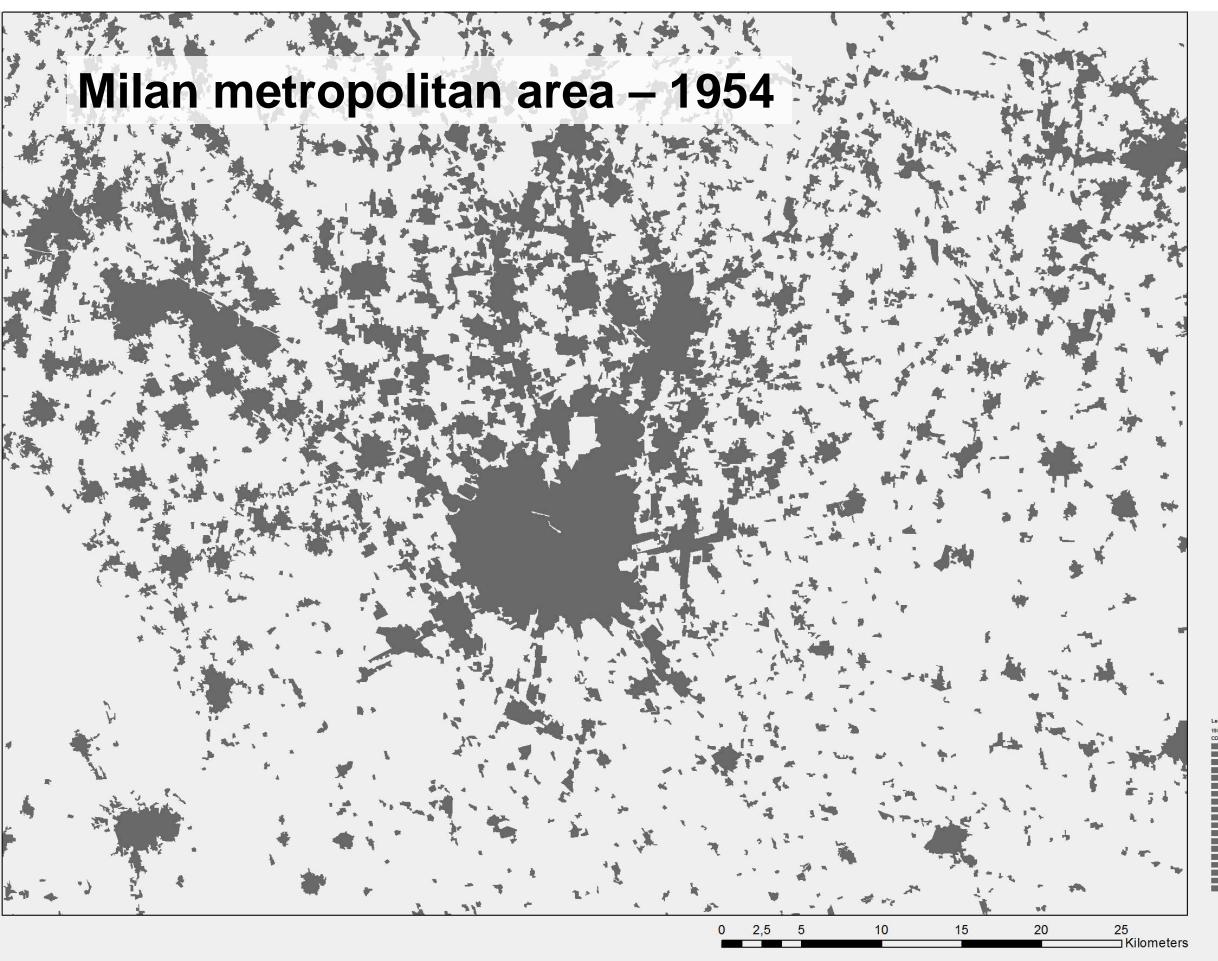


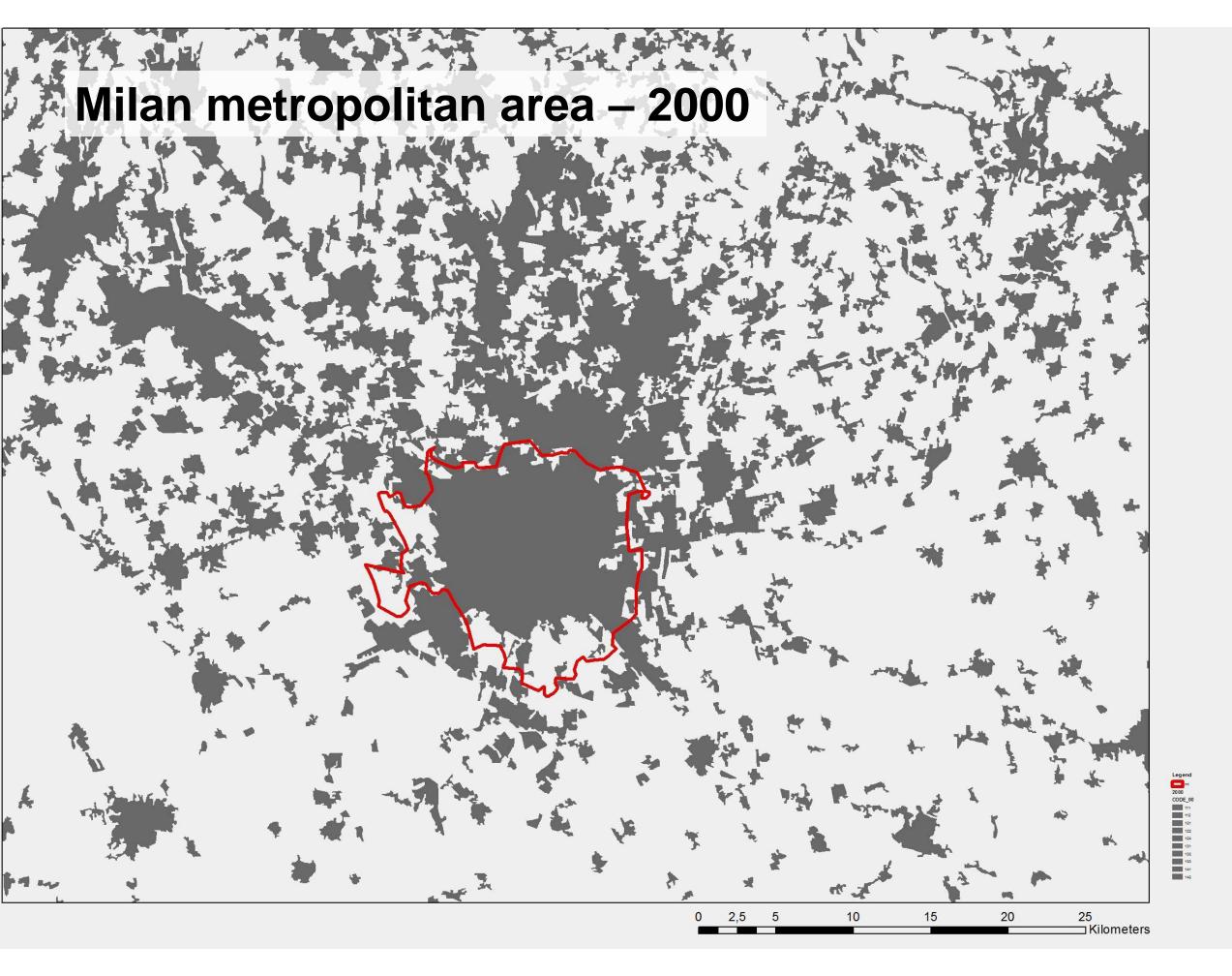




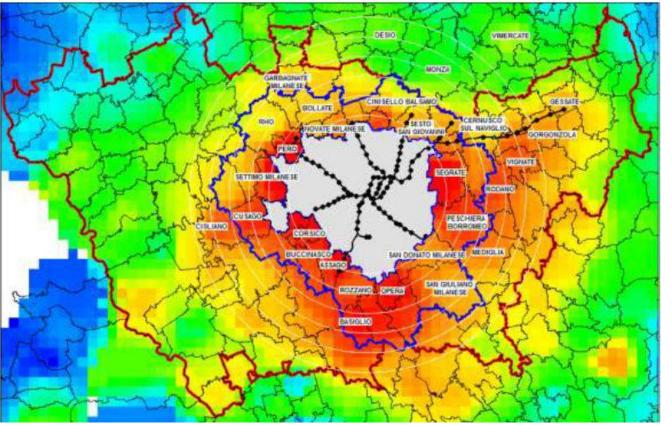
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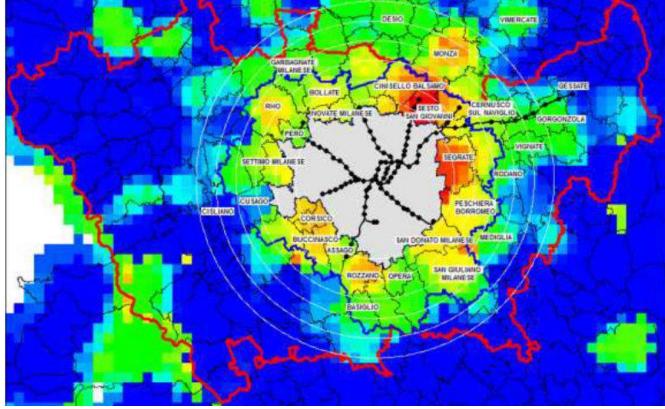




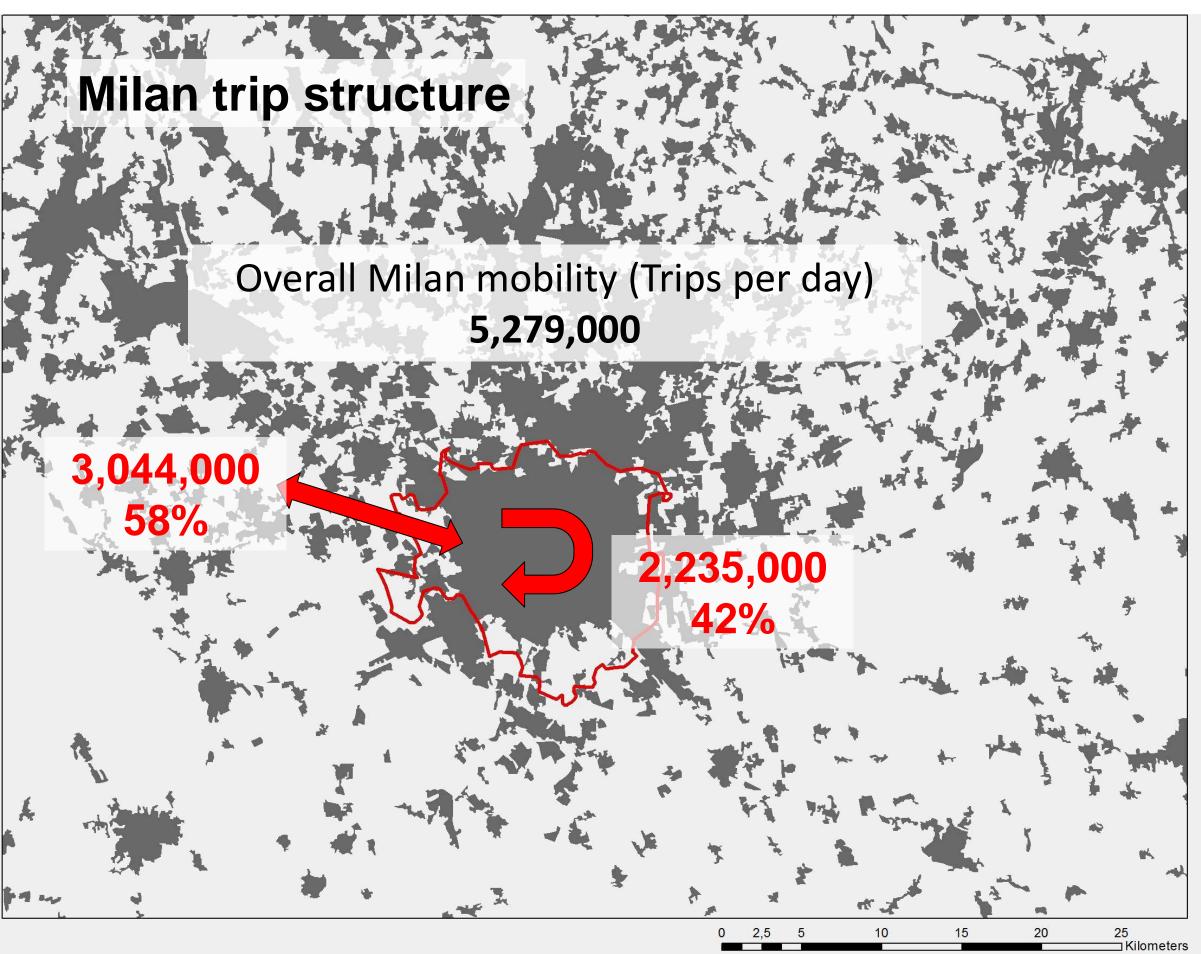
Milan trip structure



Milan metropolitan area attraction



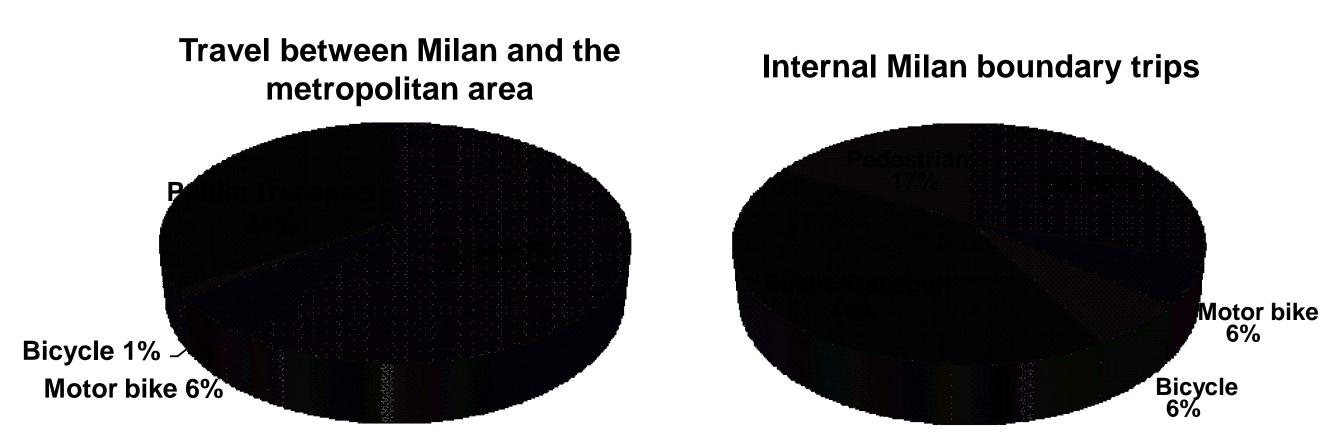
Milan metropolitan area generation



Milan public transport network



Milan modal share



Milan is one of city with the highest car concentration in the world, a high level of car dependence that as curbed - though pollution and congestion – the quality of living in the past decades

Within the city boundary the car ownership equal to **550** cars per 1000 inhabitants whereas on the metropolitan area it grows to 650 cars per 1000 inhabitants

With new Milan Mayor the city has begun to deploy a strong and consistent set of policies towards sustainable mobility

from Ecopass to AreaC

From ECOpass to AreaC





From ECOpass to AreaC*

Pollution emergency

2001 – 2006	Albertini (right party)	Discussion about the road pricing ticket to access the city centre
2006 - 2008	Moratti (right party)	Ecopass in the making
1/2008		Ecopass Implemented
2009-2011		Ecopass in question
5-6/2011	Pisapia (left party)	Mayor election and referendum
1/2012 present		AreaC implemented
Sustainab	le mobility	

*

Milan Pollution charge – Sustainable transport and the politics of evidence

Mario Boffi, Matteo Colleoni e Giulio Matttioli Universita di Socioliocgia La Bicocca Milano **Decreasing vehicular access to the Area C:**

- Decreasing traffic congestion
- Improving public transport speed
- Decreasing the occupation of on-street parking
- Reducing road accidents
- Reducing pollutant emissions caused by traffic
- Reducing health risks related to air pollution
- Increasing the share of sustainable modes of travel
- Improving urban center quality and attractiveness
- Raising funds for sustainable mobility services and infrastructures

Referendum - the reason for the acceptance*

- Part of 5 questions all about sustainable mobility
- The referendum was imbedded in a national consultation
- At the peak of political change with the arrival of a left wing council
- A small area compared to Stockholm and London
- The main issue appeared to be once again the pollution "emergency"

Once the policy was applied the measure has disappared from the political debate

*

Milan Pollution charge – Sustainable transport and the politics of evidence Mario Boffi, Matteo Colleoni e Giulio Matttioli Universita di Socioliocgia La Bicocca Milano

AreaC

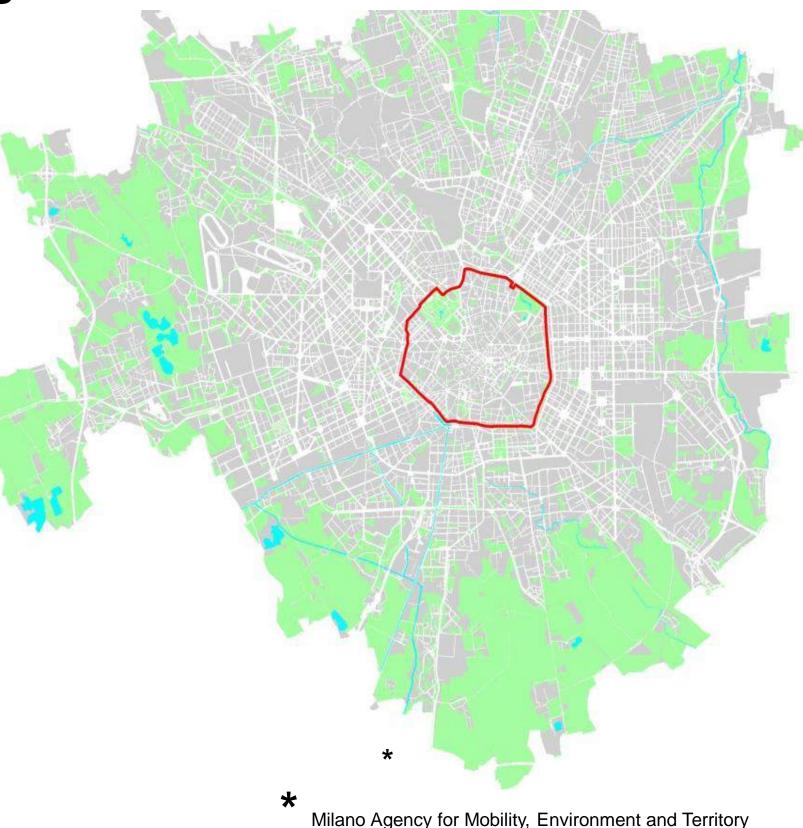
The congestion charge area*

The area is of about 8.2 km 4.5% of the whole Milan extension

The population living in the area is 77.950 about 6% of the overall population

About number of employees equal to 295.704 about 37% of the whole Milan workforce

The outstanding commercial approx 30% of the overall Milan supply generates very high density of city users



Modal share in the congestion charge area*

Although the modal share of the congestion charge are was already low compared to the city avergage the great attactivity generated an overrall 120.000 car access per day.

	%
Modal split	Non Residents mobility in the LTZ Cerchia dei Bastioni
Pedestrian	5,4%
Bycicle	3,4%
Public Transport	64,6%
Тахі	0,7%
Motorcycle	6,4%
Car	19,5%

*

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Milano

Comune di Milano

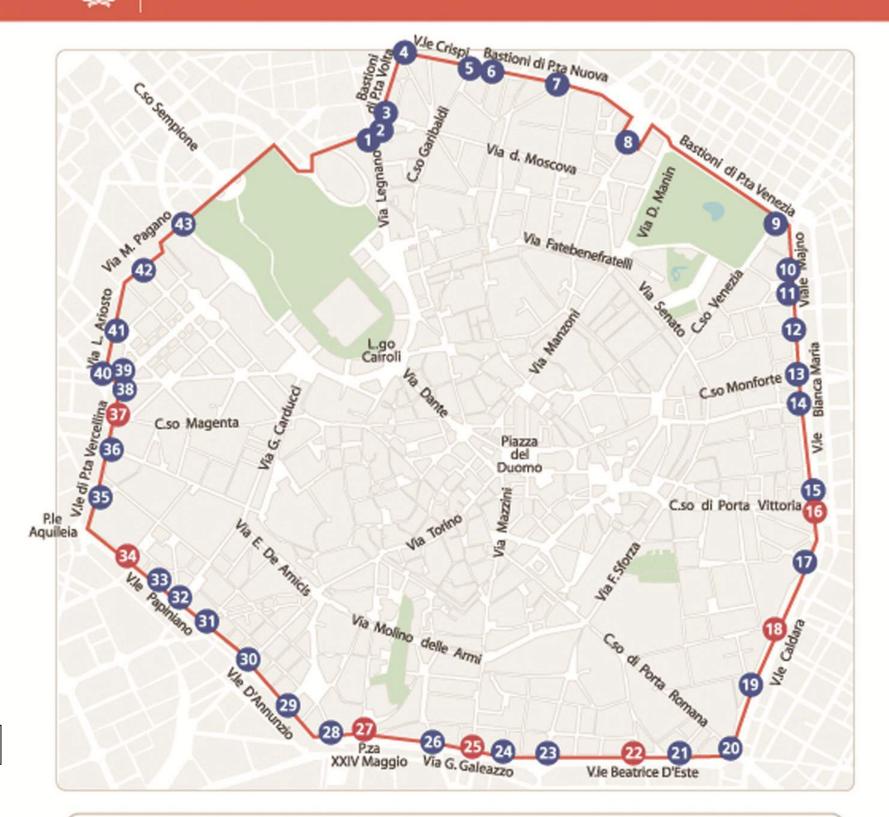
I varchi della Cerchia dei Bastioni



Integrated IR illuminator

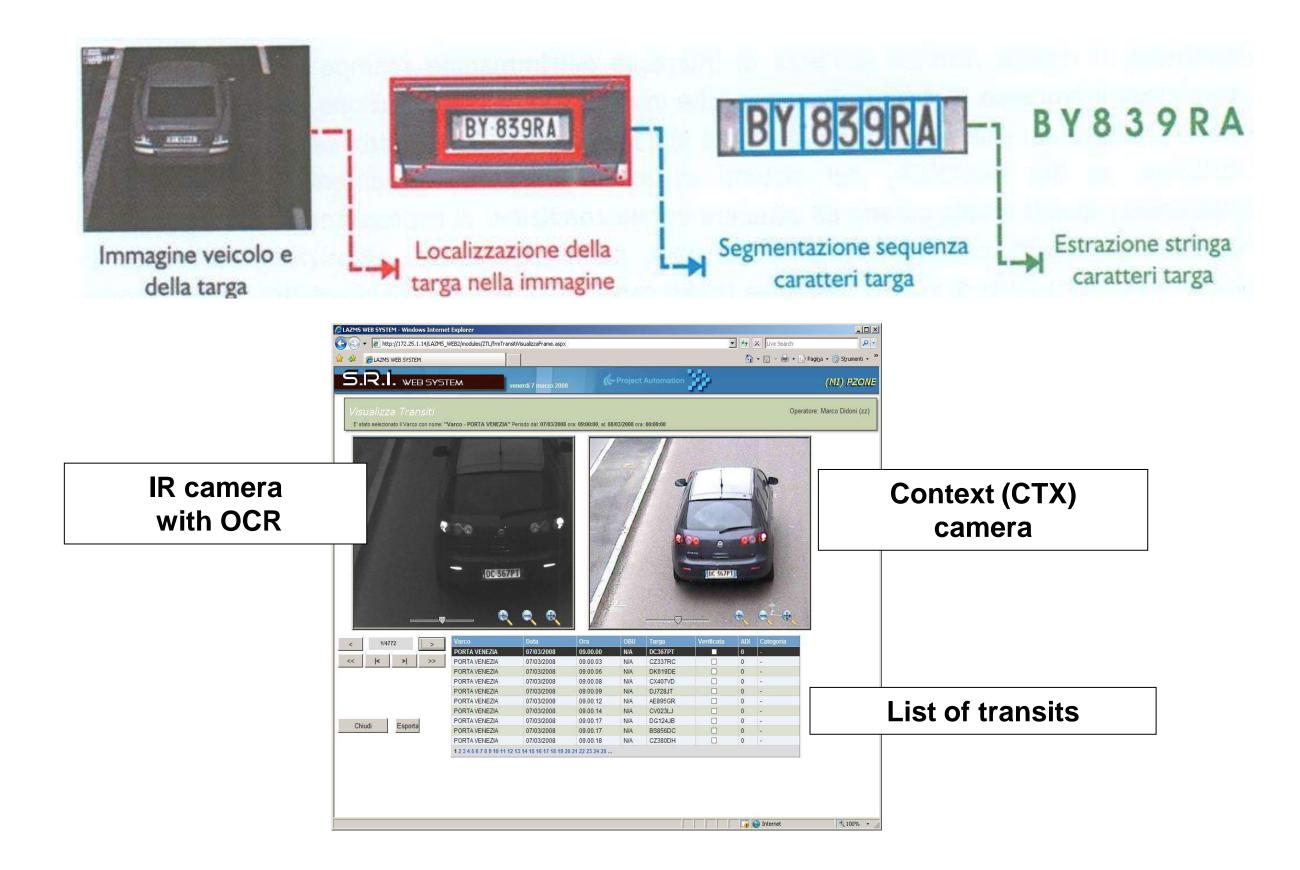


Context (CTX) camera



Legenda • varchi riservati ai mezzi pubblici

Area C non consente l'uso delle corsie riservate



Mobility results*

Traffic reduction, about 30% less vehicle accessing Area C (36.700 less vehicle access)

Reduction in car accident of 23.8%

Increase in public transport commercial speed during peak hour (+6,9 for buses and +4.1 for tram)

Increase in public transpor users +12% on surface PT +17% for underground

10% decrement in parking occupation

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Mobility results*

Less pollutant vehicles – 49% (-2.400 pollutant vehicles entering every day the AreaC)

More cleaner vehicles +6,1% (from 9,6 to 16.6 of the total vehicles)

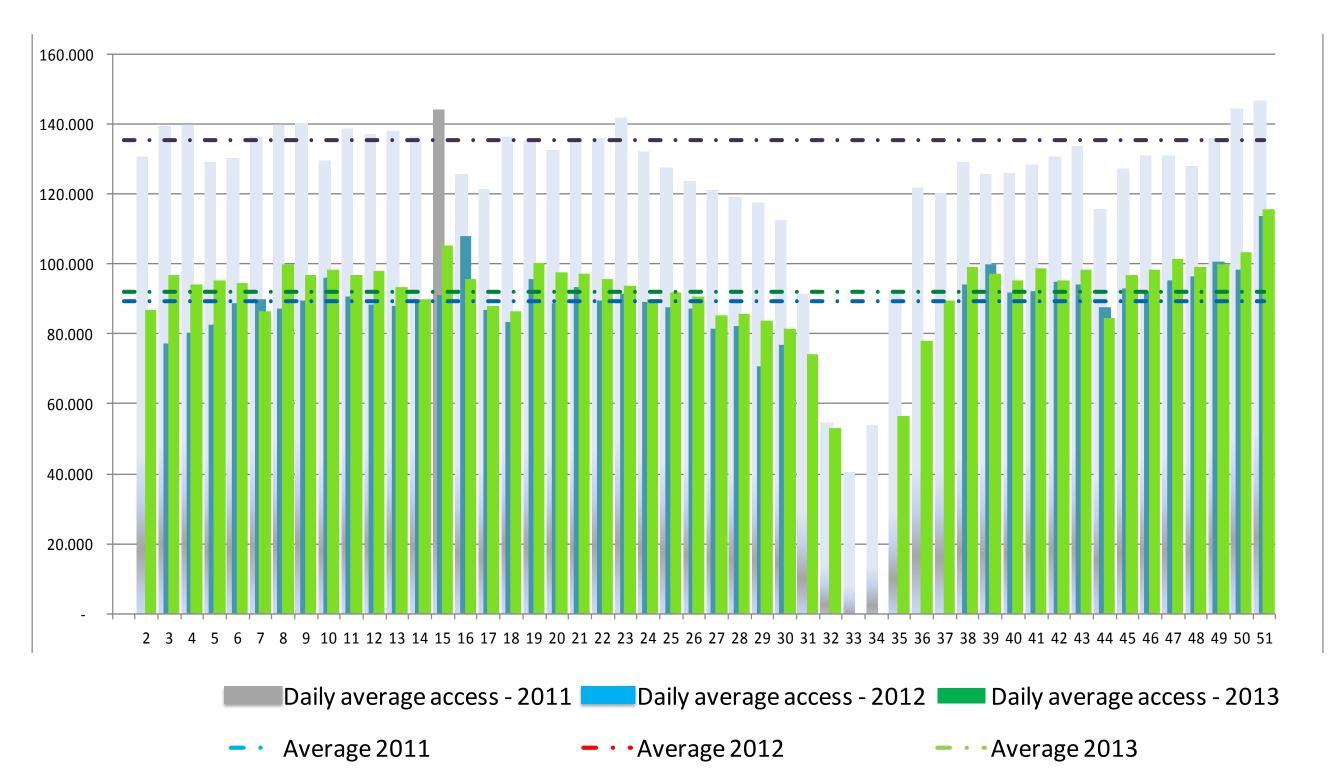
Low emission of pollutants: Total PM10 -18%; Exhaust PM10 -10%; Ammonia -42C%; Nitrogen Oxides -18%; Carbon Dioxide -35%

Less Black Carbon (BC) -52% (Sept) and -32% (Oct) of the BC concentration in Area C compared to the stations outside

*

Daily entrances, weekly average

(Area C compared to Ecopass, the previous pollution scheme)



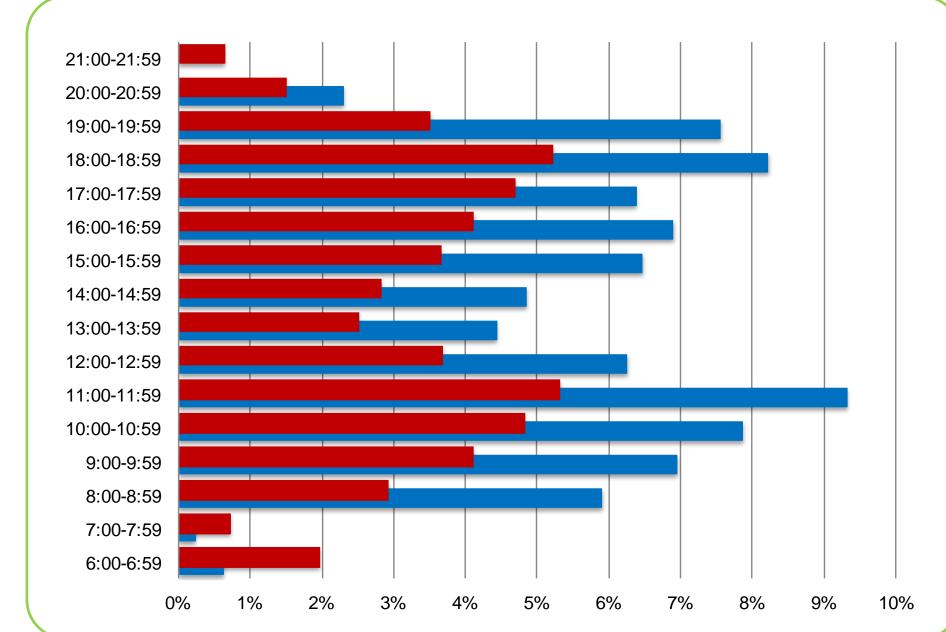
Milan – AREA C: Increase of public transport speed

(during peak hours: +6,9% for buses and +4,1% for tram)

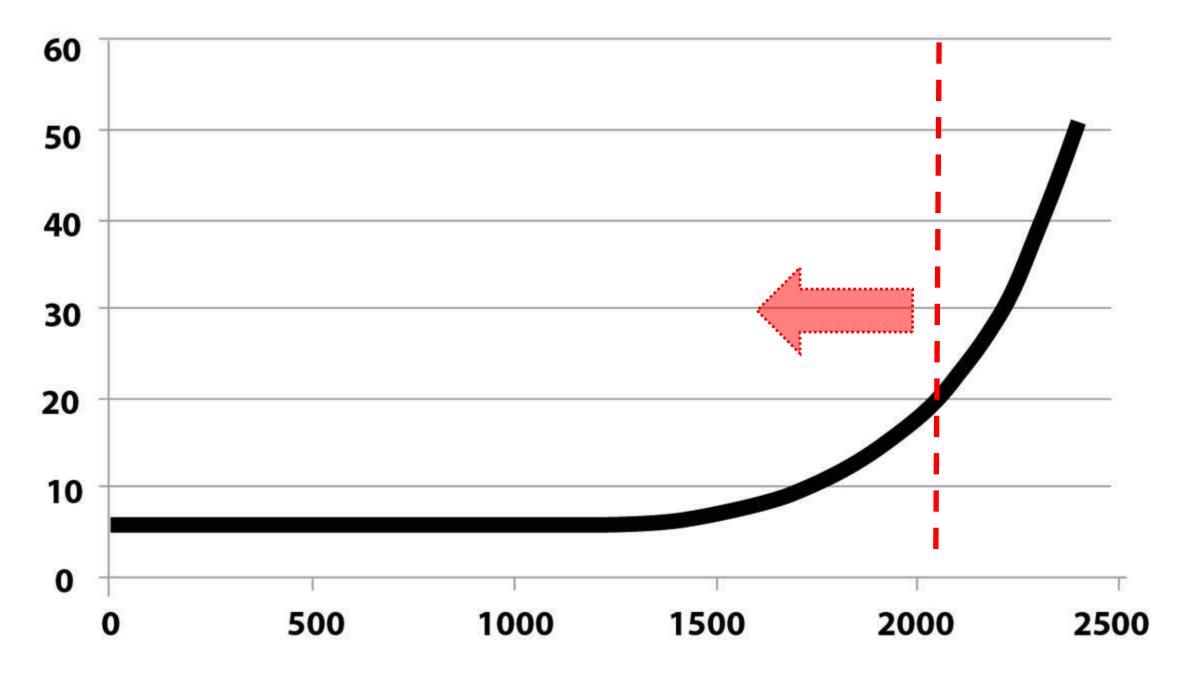
Hourly average increase commercial speed of Local Public Transport inside Area C compared with 2011

Bus

Tram

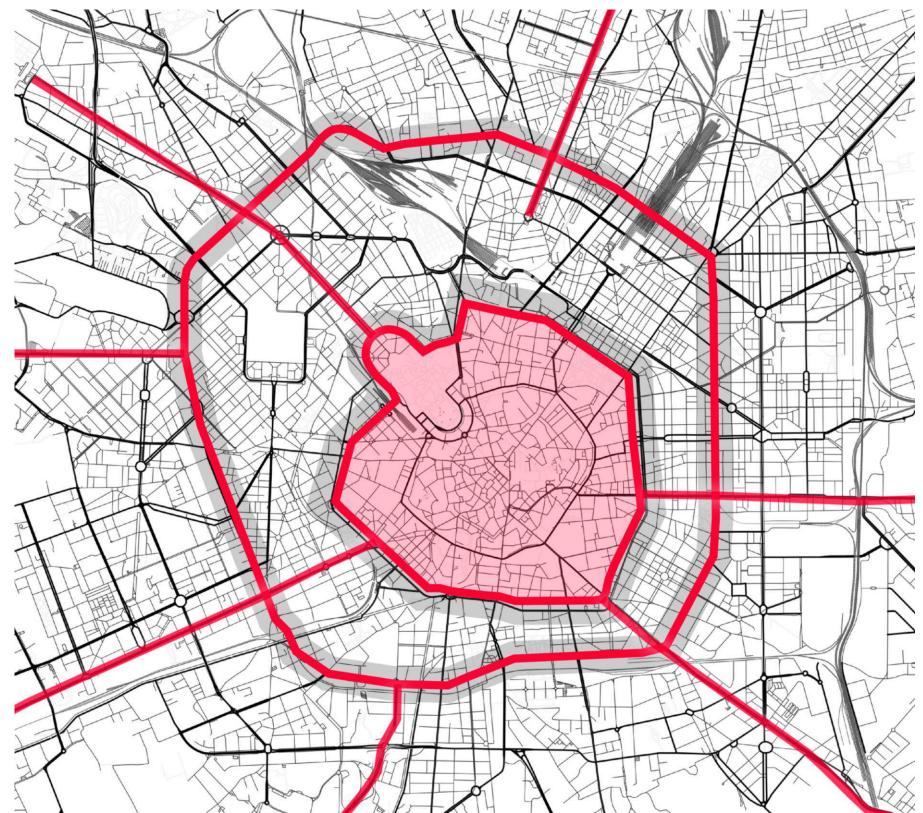




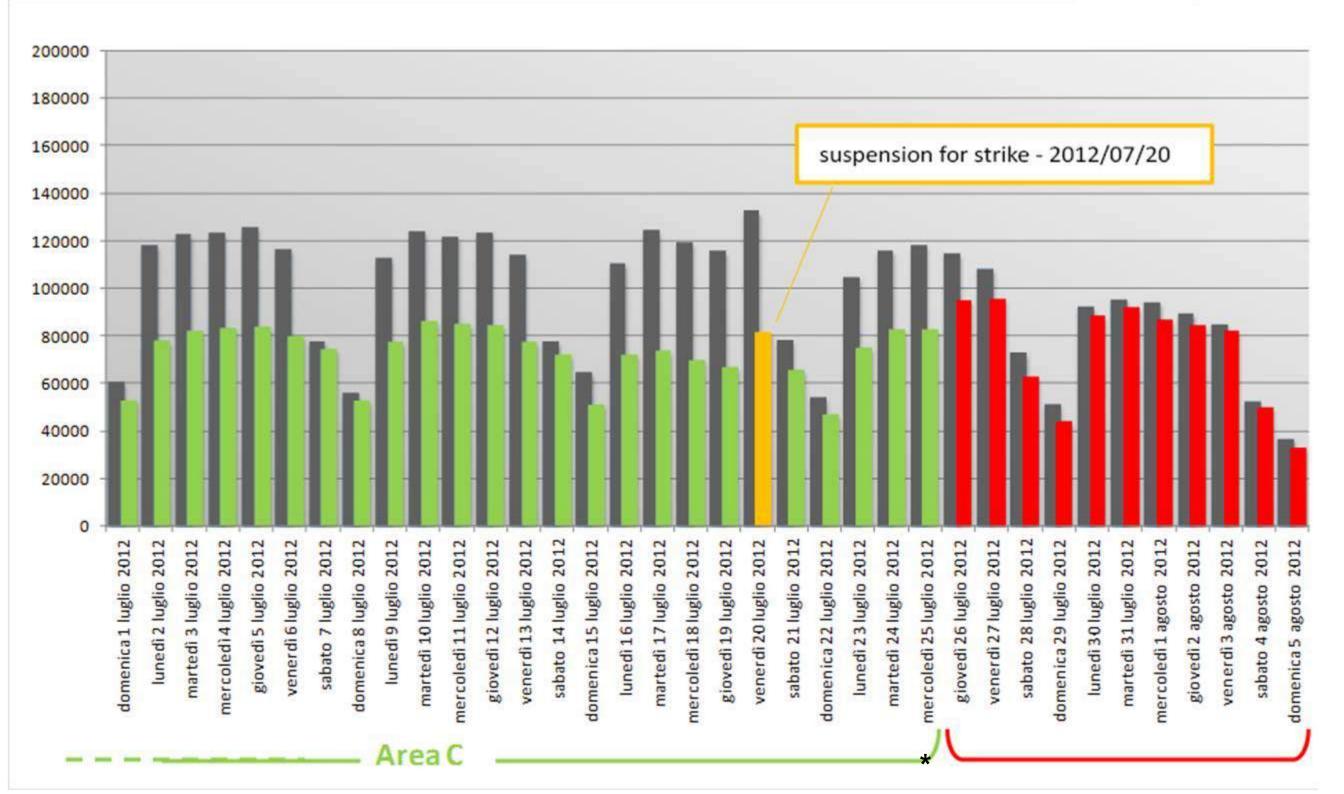


Traffic volume (incoming veh/hr)

No impact of travelling speed registered on the internal ring



AreaC suspended*



2012

2011

*

AREA C: revenues

In 2012 and 2013 all the incomes from Area C have been reinvested in projects for sustainable mobility:

- strengthening of public transport in order to improve its frequency
- development of 2nd phase of bike-sharing system

Maintenance costs of the IT management (access control –payment channels) : 6 million;

Ticket revenues 2013 : 23 million (Fines about 30 Milion)