



Energy-independent WWPT Weilerbach

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Weilerbach

Dipl. Ing. Stefan Krieger



funded by





- Initial Situation
- Concept
- Design and Construction





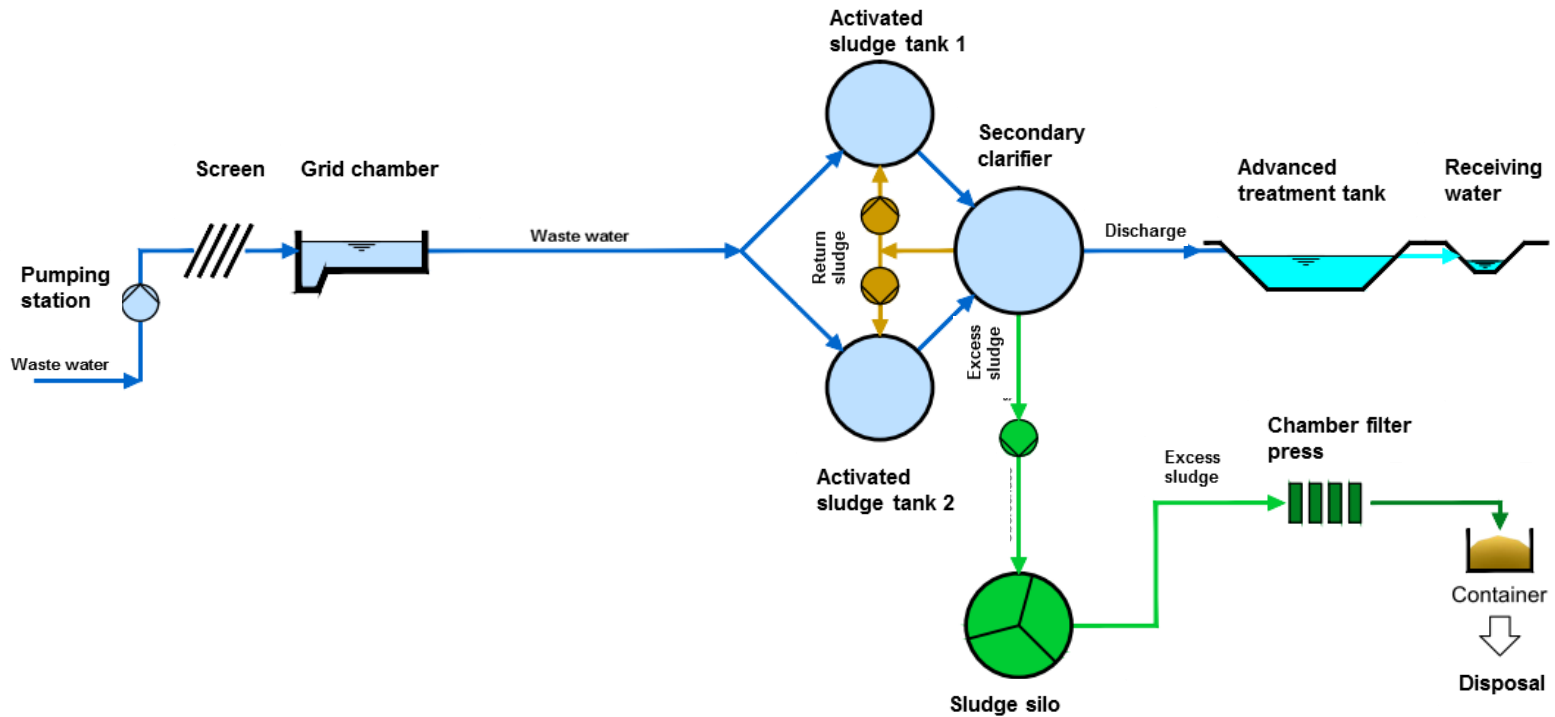
WWTP Weilerbach

- Capacity (1990): 16.500 PE
- Aerobic Sludge Stabilisation
- Intermittend Denitrification
- Actually connected (2013):
 - ca. 25.000 PE (COD)
 - ca. 29.500 PE (BOD)
- Specific Energy Demand:
19,2 kWh/(PE*a)

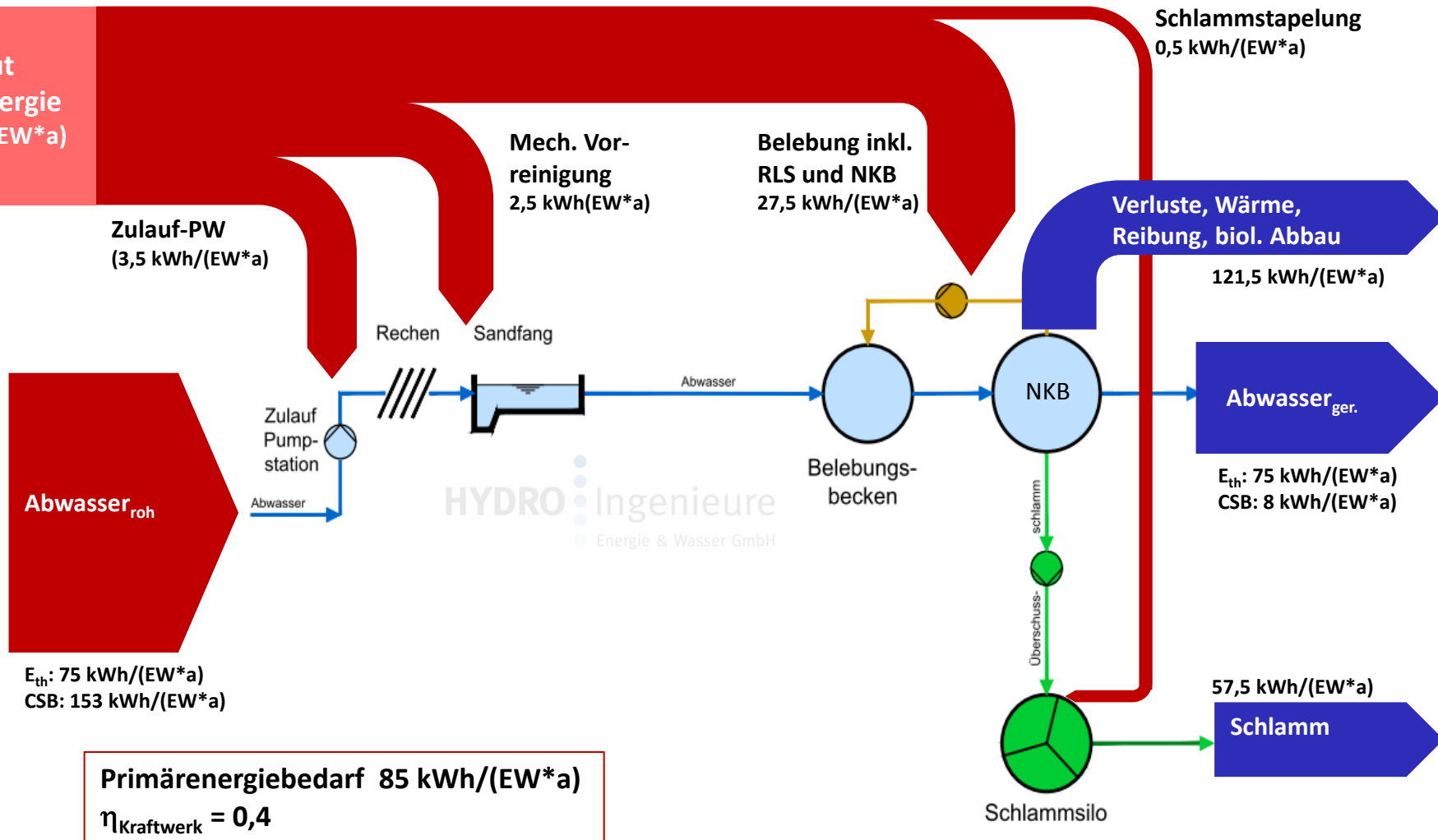




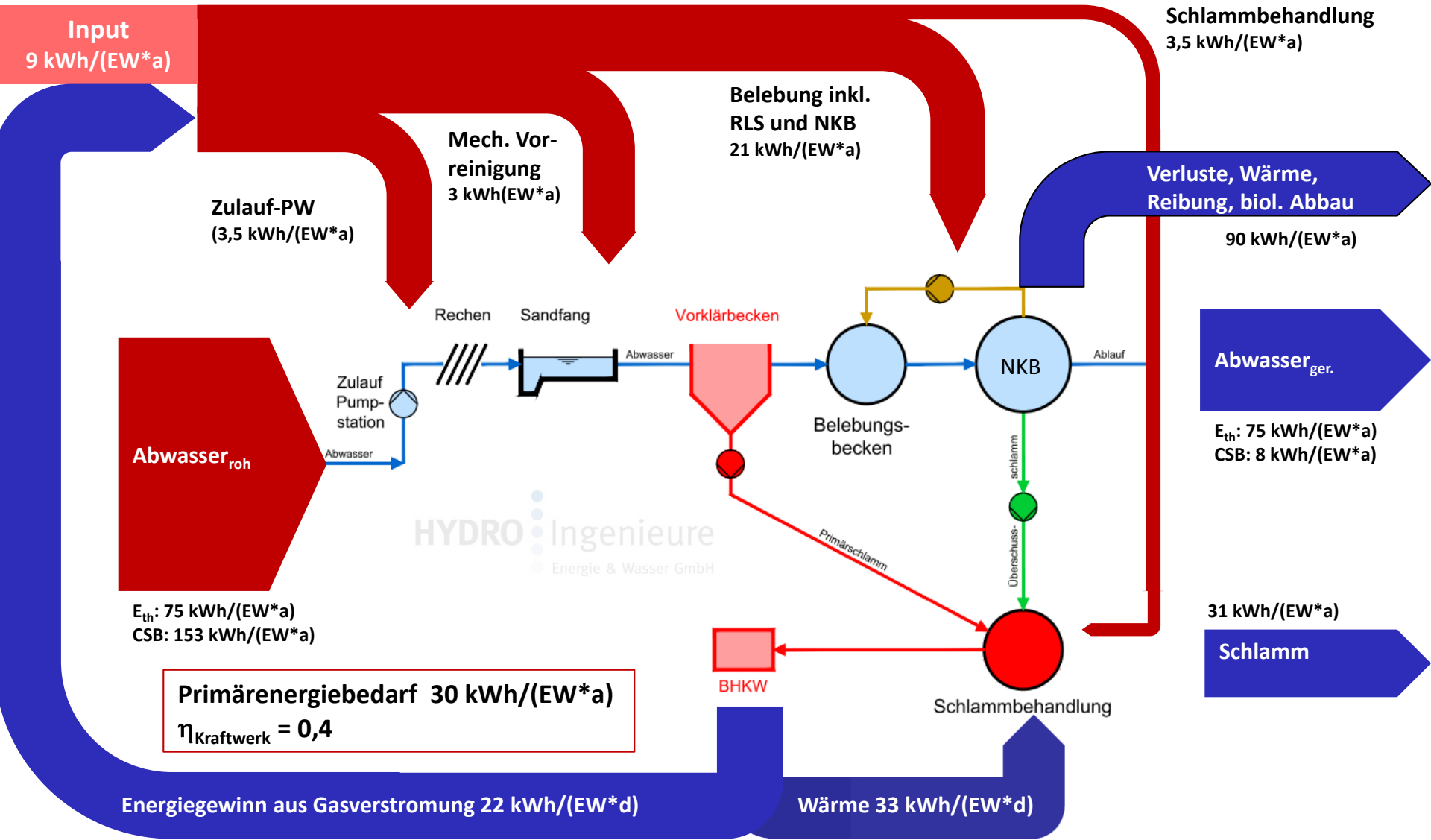
WWTP Weilerbach (actual state) Aerobic sludge stabilisation



Initial Situation



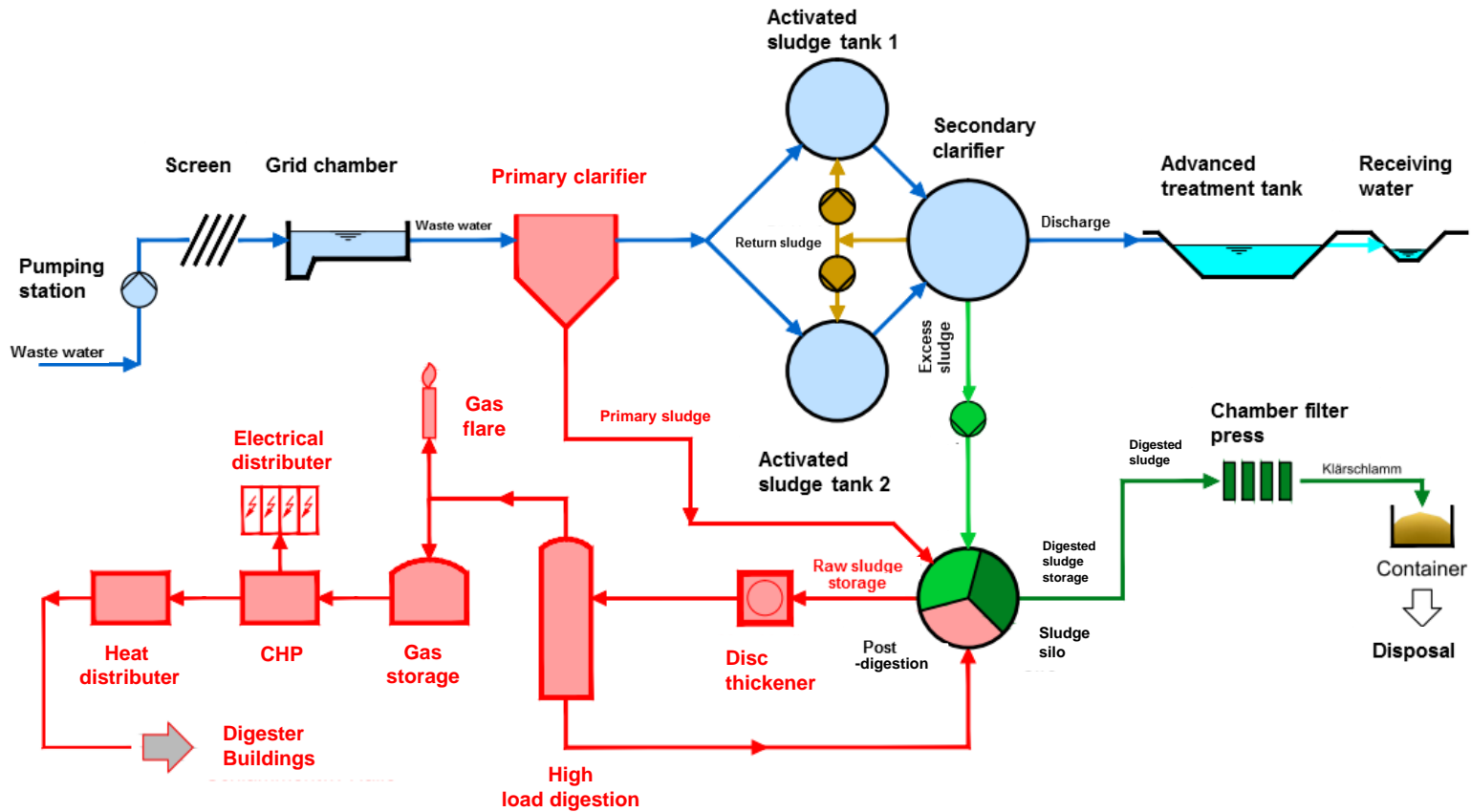
Concept



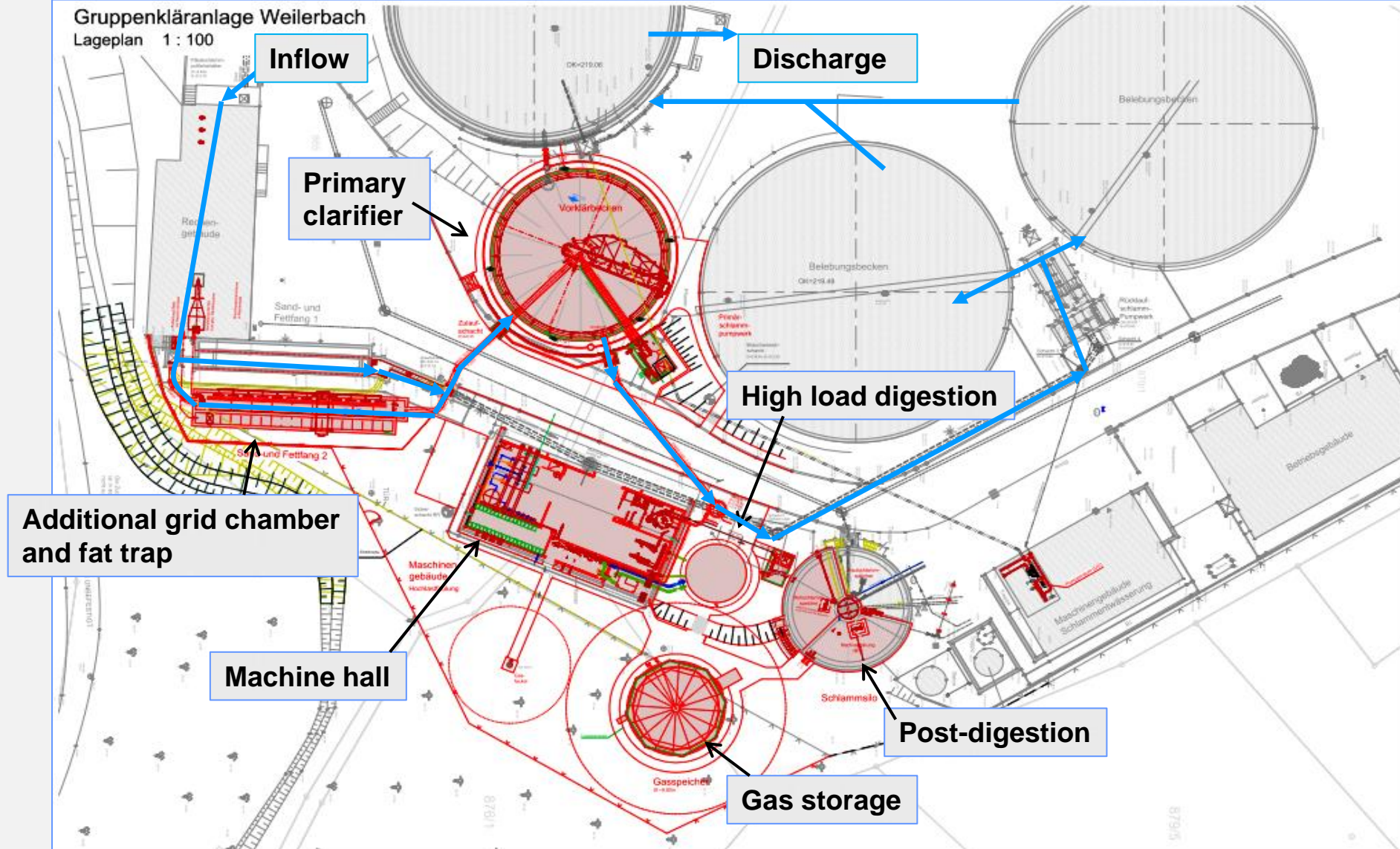
HYDRO Ingenieure
Energie & Wasser GmbH



WWTP Weilerbach (after conversion) Anaerobic sludge stabilisation



Concept





- Reduced Reaktor Volume
- Reduced Energy Demand for Mixing and Heating
- Higher Specific Biogas Yield
- Reduced Excess Sludge Volume due to the enhanced Stabilisation
(Compared to aerobic Stabilisation approx. 30 % less Sludge)
- Reduced Costs for Dewatering Agents
- Improved Dewatering Characteristics of Sludge
(Reduces Costs for Transport and Disposal)





Comparision

Parameter	Actual State	After Process Conversion
Total Energy Demand [kWh/a]	480.000	557.000
Electricity Generation [kWh/a]	0	585.000
Liquid Gas Demand [l/a]	3.800	0
Excess Sludge Production [t/a]	1.200	840
Lime (Dewatering) [t/a]	157	105
Ferric Chloride (Dewatering) [t/a]	87	58





Innovation award winner in the framework of „Umweltinnovationsprogramm 2011“

Funding priority „Energy efficient wastewater treatment plants“

