

California Energy Savings Obligations

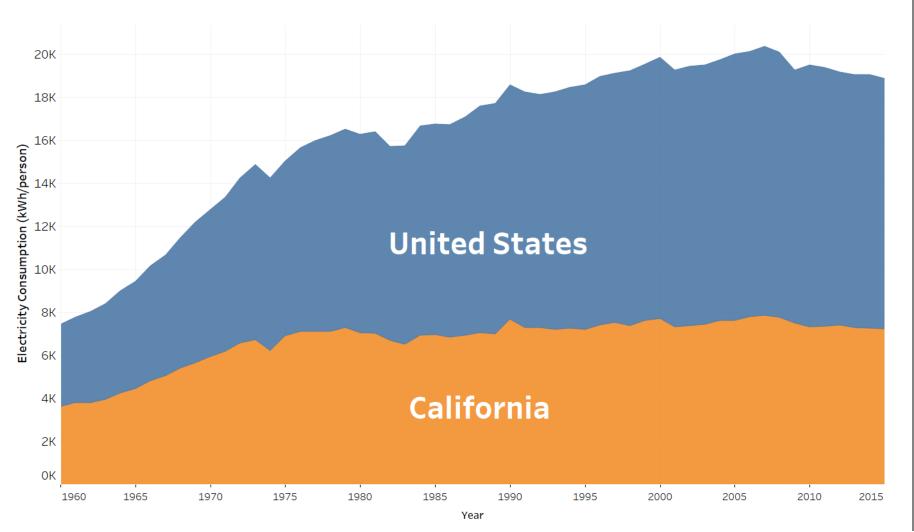
October 23, 2018

Michael Kenney

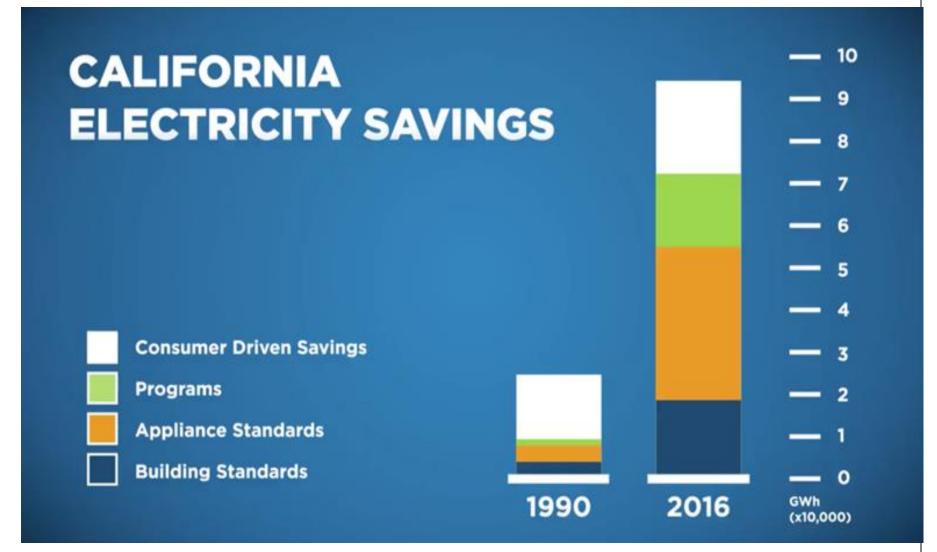
California Energy Commission



"The Rosenfeld Curve"









Senate Bill 350

The Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015

- EE: Double energy efficiency savings by 2030
- Renewables: 50% renewable energy by 2030
- Equity: Address barriers for low-income residents & disadvantaged communities
- EVs: Encourage widespread transportation electrification
- IRPs: Integrated resource planning to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

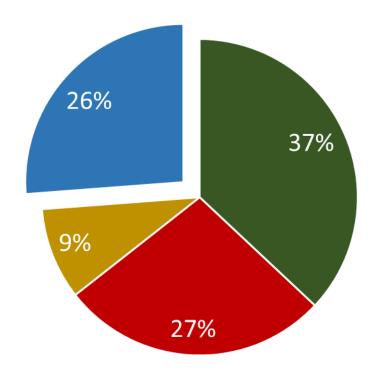








California GHG Emissions

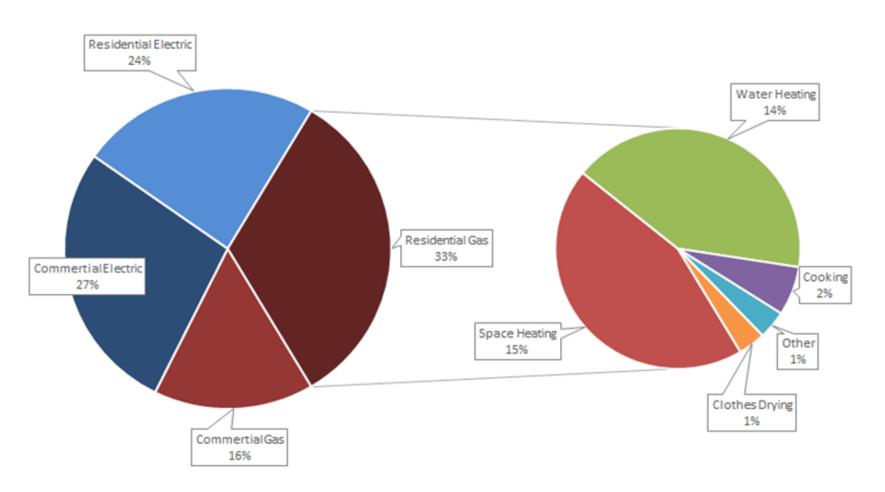


■ transportation ■ industry ■ agriculture ■ buildings



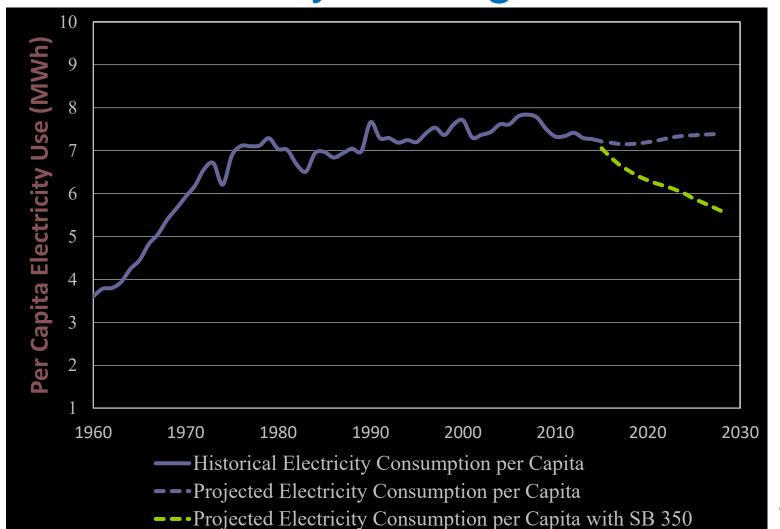


2016 Energy Use in California Buildings (MMBtu)



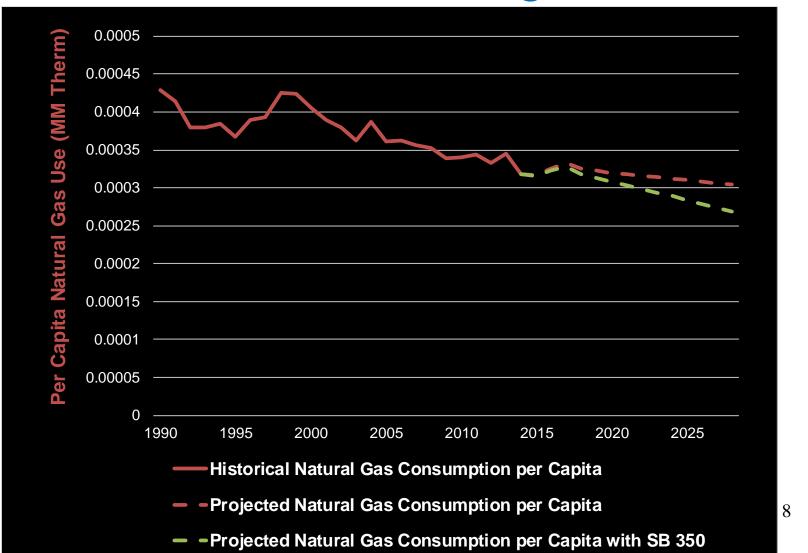


Electricity Savings Goals



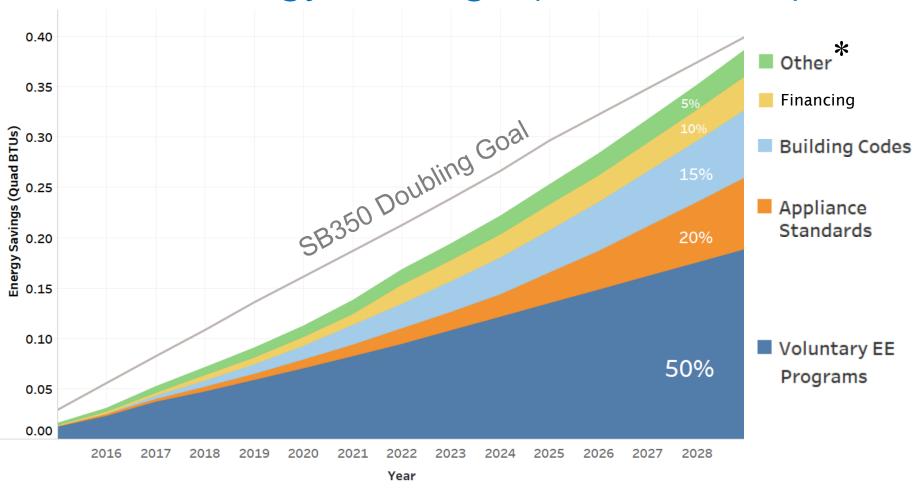


Natural Gas Savings Goals





Energy Savings (Quad BTUs)

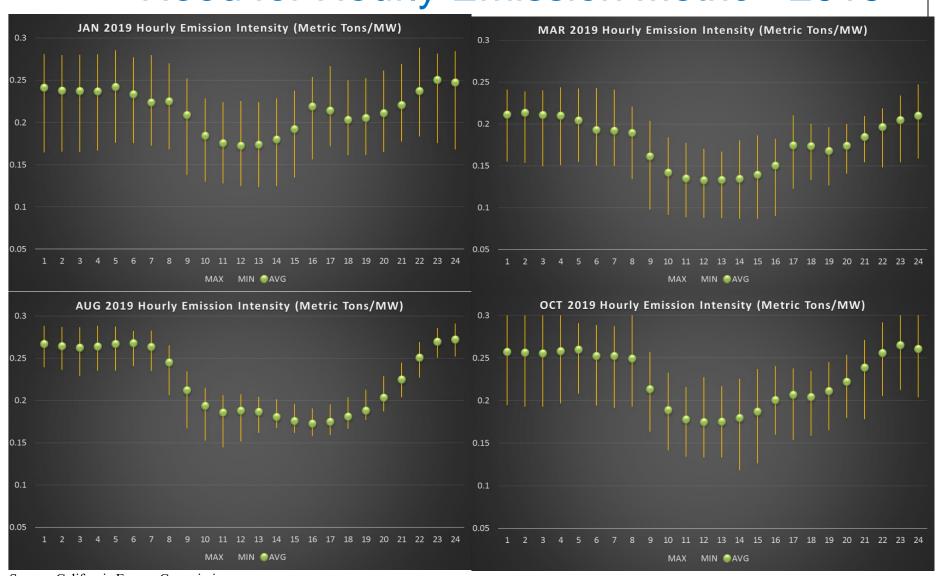


""Other" includes federal appliance standards; local government ordinances; air quality districts; Proposition 39; industrial and agricultural sectors; Behavioral, Retrocommissioning, Operational Energy Efficiency (BROs); benchmarking; energy asset rating; smart meter and controls; & electrification.

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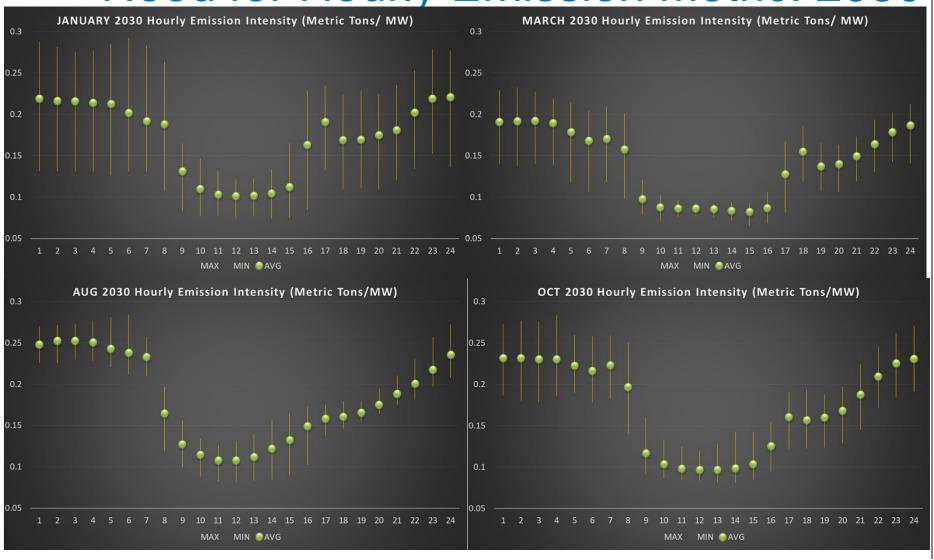


Need for Hourly Emission Metric - 2019





Need for Hourly Emission Metric: 2030





Lessons Learned

- Successful energy efficiency programs should be maintained or expanded
- Private or third-party funding is necessary
- Aggressive building and appliance standards, update regularly
- Need to raise consumer awareness and develop enforcement of standards
- Must have collaboration between agencies, utilities, and public
- Success requires granular data: energy, weather, and GHGs







